OpenSSL 2025 Beyond the Filesystem:

A Robust Approach to Key Storage

About the speaker

VP Engineering Securosys SA

Swiss manufacturer for cryptographic security appliances (HSM).

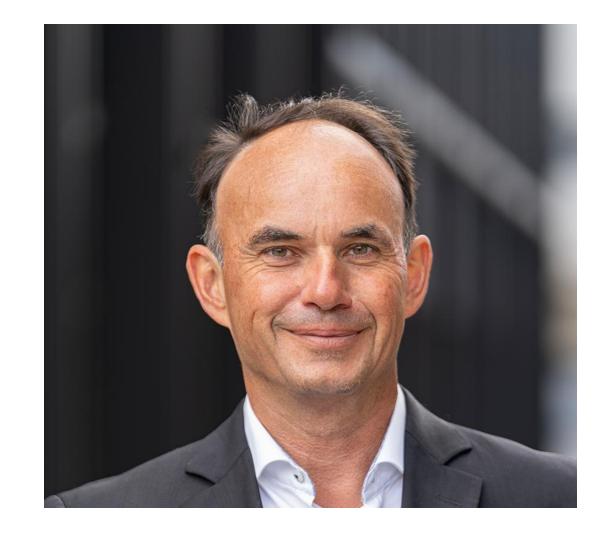
Responsibilities:

Head of Software, Hardware and chip design, Product compliance and safety.

Security certifications of products: FIPS 140-3 and Common Criteria,

Background:

MS in computer science and engineering from ETH Zürich



Securing the Cloud Operation Paradigm

CI / CD Pipeline

- Continuous improvement
- Continuous deployment (in-situ)
- Deployment in containers (docker)

Containerisation

- Service deployment and scalability with containers
- Microservices: One service per instance / user

Service / API orientation

- Functionality is consumed as a service (IaS, PaaS, SaaS)
- Hybrid operation: On-prem and cloud workload / services work together



01/ Cryptography - why?

Cryptography Key Drivers in IT

Compliance

- GDPR
- Industry regulation: Health, Finance, Payment
- Qualified signature

Privacy

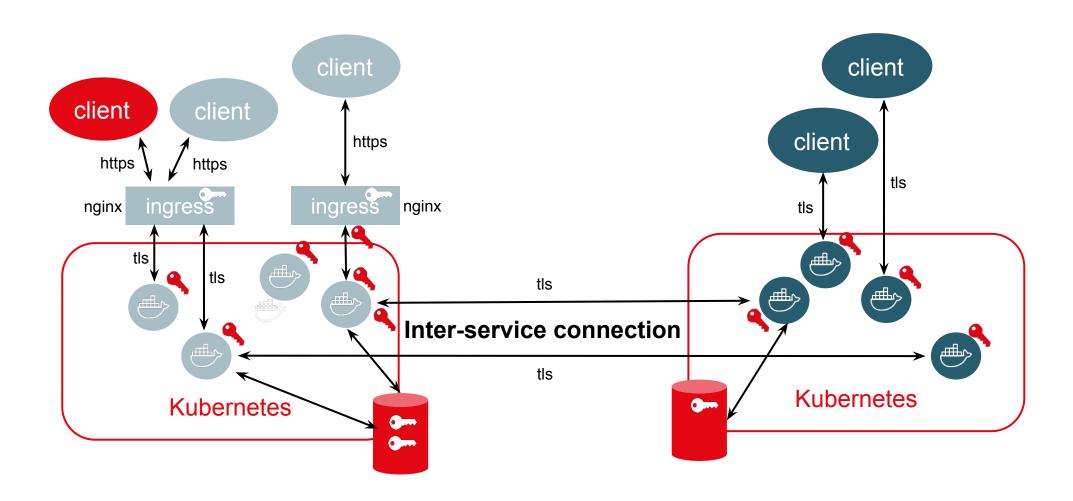
- Confidentiality
- IP Protection
- Network encryption (TLS, VPN)
- Blockchain

Cyber Protection

- Encryption to prevent data breaches and theft (data a rest, DB column & TDE, drive, cloud data, DKE)
- Access control (Oauth, JWT)
- Verifiable authenticity (sMIME, document signing)

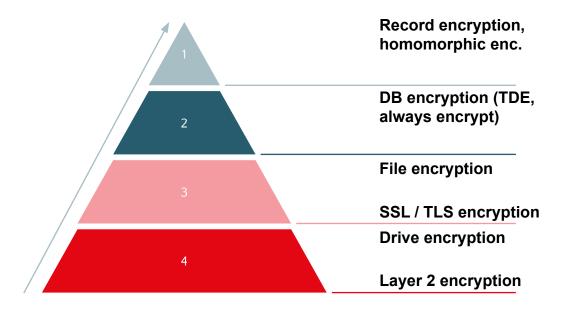


Encryption is Everywhere



Securing the digital space

/ Encryption



Digital Signature







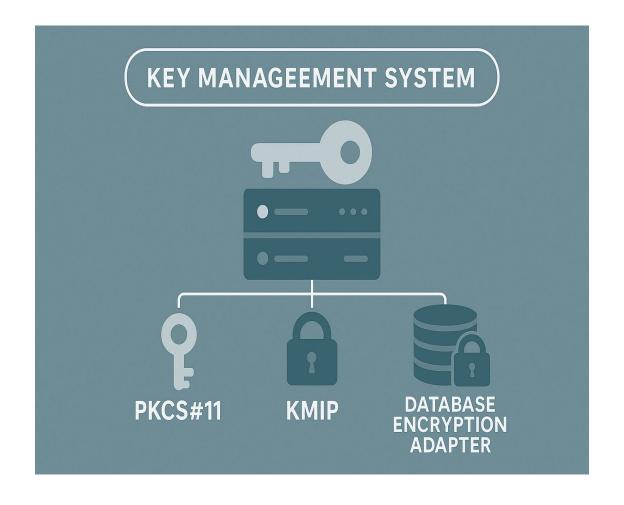




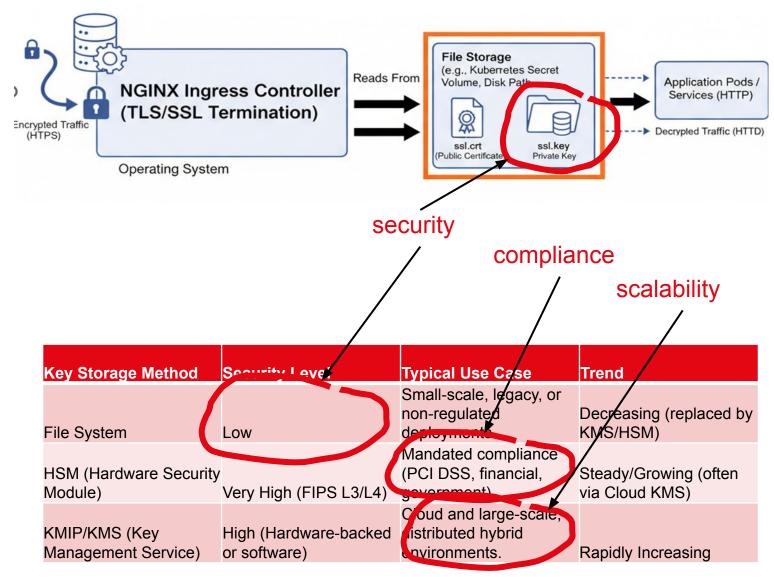
02/ Key management

Key Management System (KMS)

Reality Check



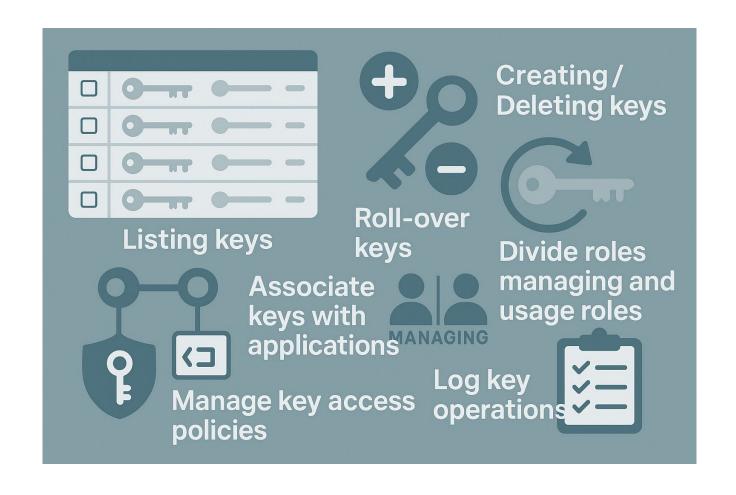
The simple key management system



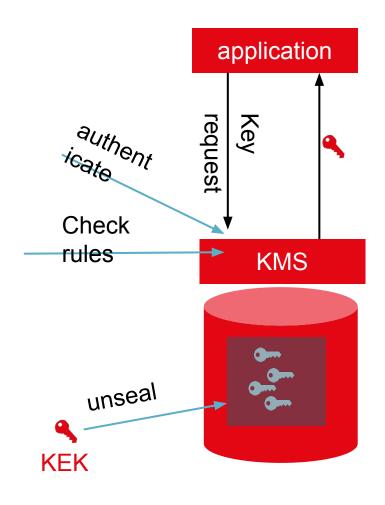
Key Management?

- / Listing keys
- / Creating / Deleting keys
- / Roll-over keys
- / Associate keys with applications
- Devide roles manging and usage roles
- / Manage key access policies
- / Log key operations

Accross all IT infrastructure



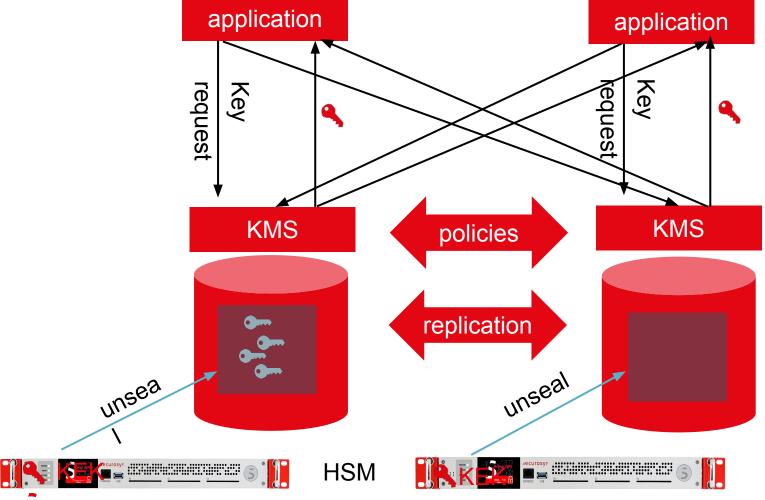
Typical operation of a KMS



Challenges

- / Multiple application protocols
 - KMIP, PKCS#11, JCE, CNG, RestAPI
- / Key exposure
 - None, DRAM, persist
- / Key audit logging (key usage)
- / Key exposure in store
 - Unseal (data@rest security only)
- / KMS Redundancy
- / Unseal KEK storage

The redundant KMS



Still challenges

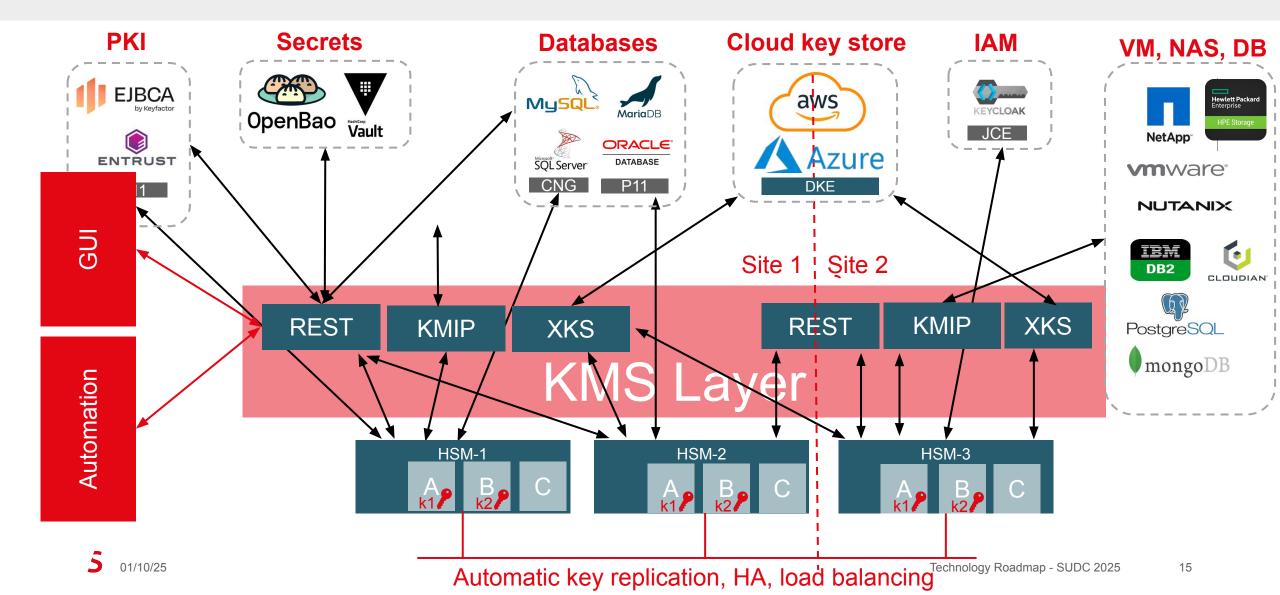
- / Multiple application protocols
 - KMIP, PKCS#11, JCE, CNG, RestAPI
- / Replication
- / Secure key storage (Hardware keys)
- / Key generation quality
- / Statefull keys (SP800-208)
- / Exensibility with other additional tools (PKI, secrets managment, ...)

Turn things up side down

- / Use a unified key store
 - Access control
 - Policy controls
- / Any protocol can access key store
- / KMS manges keys in key store
 - Not replicating protocols
 - No overlay authentication



Unified Key Store, Many Access Protocols



Key Management on the Next Level

- / Fully redundant, scalable cross platform, for on-prem, hybrid and cloud
- / Keys can be shared across platforms
- / Unified view and access control, supporting for all interfaces, like KMIP, PKCS#11, JCE, CNG, REST/KMS, OpenSSL
- / Seamlessly integrating with any PKI
- / Combined with secrets management
- **/ Extensible with 3rd party tools** and easy to integrate in exsting workflows through REST API.
- / Keys created and stored in (FIPS, CC certified) secure key store (HSM)

Key store (HSM) enforces Roles and policies

/ Key manager role

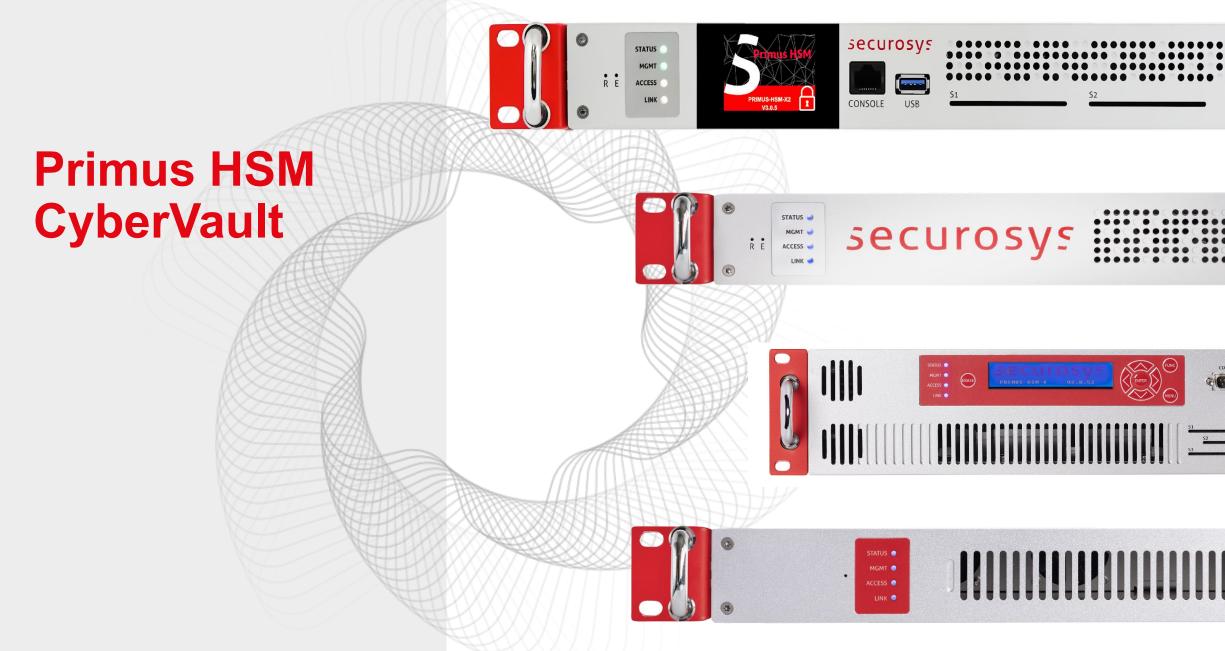
 create, delete, import, export, set properties, enumerate

/ Key user role

 sign, verify, encrypt, decrypt, wrap, unwrap, session key creation / deletion, enumerate

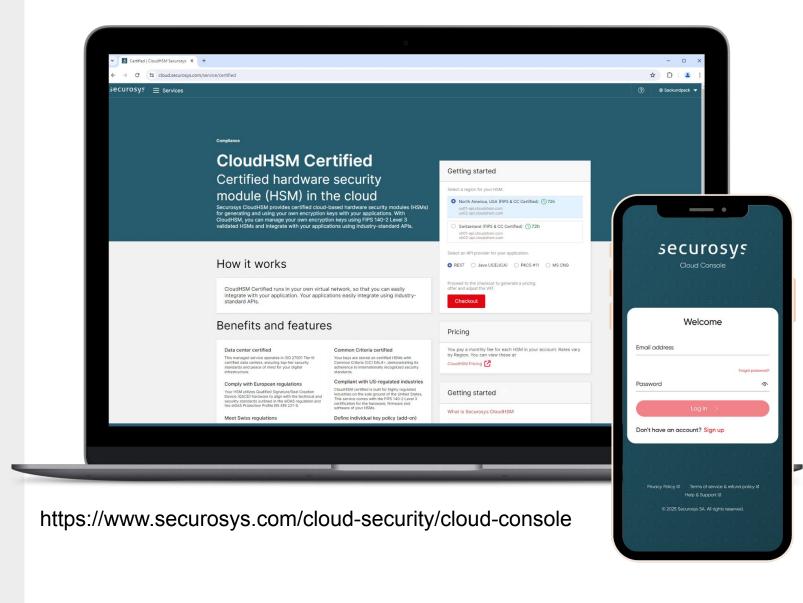
/ Key policies for user roles

All operations and access protocols



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Try it out! Cloud console



Thank you

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